

<b>COURSE #:</b> CHE 466 (3 credits)		<b>COURSE TITLE:</b> Process Dynamics and Control
<b>TERMS OFFERED:</b> Fall		<b>PREREQUISITES:</b> CHE 343: Separation Processes, CHE 344: Reaction Engineering and Design
<b>TEXTBOOKS/REQUIRED MATERIAL:</b> Process Dynamics and Control, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition, D. Seborg, D. Mellichamp, T. Edgar, F. Doyle (Wiley, 2016) ISBN: 978-1-119-28595-3		<b>COGNIZANT FACULTY:</b> Allman, Lin, Ziff, Singh
<b>INSTRUCTORS:</b> Allman, Lin, Ziff		<b>FACULTY APPROVAL:</b> 2019-11-05
<b>CoE BULLETIN DESCRIPTION:</b> Introduction to process control in chemical engineering. Control architecture design, notation, and implementation. Mathematical modeling and analysis of open-loop and closed-loop process dynamics. Applications to the control of level, flow, heat exchangers, reactors, and elementary multivariable systems. Statistical process control concepts.		<b>COURSE TOPICS:</b> (approximate number of hours in parentheses) 1. P&ID (Piping and Instrumentation Diagrams), sensors and valves (8) 2. Analysis of unsteady-state models of unit operations (12) 3. Tuning of PID (Proportional-Integral-Derivative) controllers (4) 4. Feed-forward, Cascade, Ratio, and advanced control strategies (10) 5. Optimization, statistical process control (4)
<b>COURSE STRUCTURE/SCHEDULE:</b> Lecture: 2 per week @ 1.5 hours		
<b>COURSE OBJECTIVES</b>	Links shown in brackets are to course outcomes that satisfy these objectives. 1. Provide a conceptual and methodological framework for describing a process and its control system. [a-f] 2. Provide a conceptual and methodological framework for quantitatively analyzing and evaluating automatic control systems for chemical processes [c-g]	
<b>COURSE OUTCOMES</b>	Links shown in brackets are to ABET student outcomes 1-7. a. Draw piping and instrumentation diagrams following accepted standards and using appropriate symbols [1,2]. b. Explain the operation of sensors and valves, including appropriate placement and linking [2]. c. Formulate unsteady state models for common unit operations, and solve the resulting differential equations using analytical and numerical methods [1]. d. Explain the operation of P, I, D, and PID controllers, and be able to simulate them and tune them using classical methods [1] e. Explain and implement feedback, feed forward, ratio, and cascade control architectures [1]. f. Apply control strategies to address safety and environmental issues [2,4]. g. Apply optimization to address design and economic considerations [2].	
<b>ASSESSMENT TOOLS</b>	1. Homework and class problems assess outcomes a-g 2. Exams assess outcomes a-g 3. End-of-term course evaluation provides student self-assessment of outcomes a-g	